

according to UK REACH Regulation

# Picric Acid - Orange G - Solution

Revision date: 27.03.2024

Product code: 12597.xxxxx

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Picric Acid - Orange G - Solution

UFI:

1HV3-Y1J1-900C-KQVS

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### Use of the substance/mixture

Use as laboratory reagent. Intended for scientific research and development.

### Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MORPHISTO GmbH	
Schumannstr. 142/144	
D-63069 Offenbach	
+49 (0) 69 / 400 3019-60	Telefax: +49 (0) 69 / 400 3019-64
info@morphisto.de	
Morphisto GmbH	
gefahrstoffmanagement@morphisto.de	
http://www.morphisto.de	
Poison Information Center Mainz, Germany, T	el: +49(0)6131/19240
	Schumannstr. 142/144 D-63069 Offenbach +49 (0) 69 / 400 3019-60 info@morphisto.de Morphisto GmbH gefahrstoffmanagement@morphisto.de http://www.morphisto.de

# number:

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GB CLP Regulation**

Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

### 2.2. Label elements

## GB CLP Regulation

- Hazard components for labelling
- 2-propanol

Signal word:

Pictograms:



### Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### **Precautionary statements**

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No
	smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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 P312
 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

 P337+P313
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

 Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

 Signal word:
 Danger

 Pictograms:
 Image: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.



## 2.3. Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher. Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain any components that are considered to be hazardous according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/605 in amounts of 0.1 % or more have endocrine disrupting properties. Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain any components that are to be classified according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/605 in quantities of 0.1 % or more have endocrine disrupting properties.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2. Mixtures

### **Relevant ingredients**

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (GB CLP F			
67-63-0	2-propanol			70 - < 75 %
	200-661-7	603-117-00-0	01-2119457558-25	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H319 H336			
88-89-1	picric acid			1 - < 5 %
	201-865-9	609-009-00-X		
	Expl. 1.1, Acute Tox. 3, /	Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3; H201 H3	31 H311 H301	

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

## Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc.	Limits, M-factors and ATE	
67-63-0	200-661-7	2-propanol	70 - < 75 %
	dermal: LD50 :	= >5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = >5000 mg/kg	
88-89-1	201-865-9	picric acid	1 - < 5 %
		E = 3 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: LC50 = 0,51 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 oral: LD50 = 200 mg/kg	

### **Further Information**

This product contains no substances of very high concern (SVHC) (>0,1%) which are included in the Candidate List according to Article 59 of REACH.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

# **General information**

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down. In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

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### After inhalation

Provide fresh air. In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). If unconscious but breathing normally, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. In case of allergic symptoms, especially in the breathing area, seek medical advice immediately.

# After contact with skin

Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

### After contact with eyes

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

### After ingestion

Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect).

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute effects: Mucous membrane irritation after eye contact or inhalation. Delayed effects: Impairment of inhibitory functions of the central nervous system, skin redness, nausea after ingestion of large amounts.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

### Treat symptomatically.

Percutaneously absorbed and inhaled substance causes next to irritation of affected mucous membranes only an indicated impairment of the inhibitory functions of the central nervous system, clinically recognizable as the beginning of a euphoric stage. At the same time face and skin redness is caused by dilation of peripheral blood vessels in the body.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray jet, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, Extinguishing powder.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Highly flammable. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

### Additional information

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### General advice

Remove all sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Use personal protection equipment. Do not allow to dry. Risk of explosion in case of drying up.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment. Explosion risk. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.



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Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## For cleaning up

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

### Other information

Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7 Personal protection equipment: see section 8 Disposal: see section 13

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

### Advice on safe handling

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray.

Wear suitable protective clothing. (See section 8.)

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

Use extractor hood (laboratory).

### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. Flammable vapours can accumulate in head space of closed systems. Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Always close containers tightly after the removal of product. Used working clothes should not be worn outside the work area. Street clothing should be stored seperately from work clothing.

#### Further information on handling

Flammable vapours can accumulate in head space of closed systems.

Conditions to avoid: Generation/formation of aerosols

Always remove adhering product residues from lids and closures before closing the product.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed. Keep locked up. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Storage: Just as long as necessary.

### Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Oxidizing agent. Pyrophoric or self-heating substances. Gas. Explosives. Flammable solids. Pyrophoric liquids and solids. Self-heating substances and mixtures. Substances or mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Oxidizing liquids. Oxidizing solids. ammonium nitrate. Self-reactive substances and mixtures. Organic peroxides. Non-combustible toxic substances. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances.

### Further information on storage conditions

Keep away from heat. Protect from sunlight. Store small packages in a suitable, robust cabinet. Recommended storage temperature: 15-25 °C

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)



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See section 1.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

### Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
88-89-1	Picric acid	-	0.1		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		-	0.3		STEL (15 min)	WEL
67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	400	999		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		500	1250		STEL (15 min)	WEL

### **DNEL/DMEL** values

CAS No	Substance				
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value	
67-63-0	2-propanol				
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	systemic	500 mg/m³	
Consumer DNE	EL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	89 mg/m³	
Worker DNEL,	long-term	dermal	systemic	888 mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer DNE	EL, long-term	oral	systemic	26 mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer DNE	EL, long-term	dermal	systemic	319 mg/kg bw/day	

# **PNEC** values

CAS No	Substance		
Environmental	Environmental compartment Value		
67-63-0	7-63-0 2-propanol		
Freshwater		140,9 mg/l	
Marine water	larine water 140,9 mg/l		
Freshwater see	Freshwater sediment 552 mg/kg		
Marine sedime	Marine sediment 552 mg/kg		
Secondary poisoning 160 mg/kg			
Soil 28 mg/kg			

# 8.2. Exposure controls



# Appropriate engineering controls

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Provide adequate ventilation.

If local exhaust ventilation is not possible or not sufficient, the entire working area should be ventilated by technical means. Use extractor hood (laboratory).

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

# Eye/face protection

Suitable eye protection: goggles. Tightly sealed safety glasses. EN 166



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### Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. In case of prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact:

Tested protective gloves are to be worn:

### Suitable material:

Butyl rubber. (0,7 mm, Breakthrough time >=480 min, penetration time (maximum wearing period): 160 min): NBR (Nitrile rubber). (0,4 mm, Breakthrough time >=120 min, penetration time (maximum wearing period): 40 min)

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Before using check leak tightness / impermeability.

### Skin protection

Flame-retardant protective clothing. Wear anti-static footwear and clothing Protective clothing. (fire retardant.) Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500 (D).

# **Respiratory protection**

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection necessary at:

exceeding exposure limit values

aerosol or mist generation.

Insufficient ventilation.

insufficient absorbtion.

Suitable respiratory protective equipment:

Combination filtering device (EN 14387) Type: A-P2/P3

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Details on the requirements for use and maximum concentrations can be found in the "Rules for the use of respiratory protective devices" (BGR 190).

### Thermal hazards

Flame-retardant protective clothing. Wear anti-static footwear and clothing

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	liquid	
Colour:	yellow	
Odour:	characteristic/Alcohol	
Melting point/freezing point:		not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and		not determined
boiling range:		
Flammability:		not determined
Lower explosion limits:		not determined
Upper explosion limits:		not determined
Flash point:		12 °C
Auto-ignition temperature:		not determined
Decomposition temperature:		not determined
pH-Value:		acidic
Viscosity / kinematic:		not determined

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Water solubility:	completely miscible	
(at 20 °C)		
Solubility in other solvents		
not determined		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	not determined	
Vapour pressure:	not determined	
Density (at 20 °C):	0,85 g/cm³	
Relative vapour density:	not determined	
Particle characteristics:	not applicable	
9.2. Other information		
Explosive properties The product is not: Explosive. Explosive In case of insufficient ventilation and/or t Self-ignition temperature Gas: Oxidizing properties none	when dry. hrough use, explosive/highly flammable mixtures may develo not determined	p.
Other safety characteristics		
Evaporation rate:	not determined	
Solvent separation test:	not determined	
Solvent content:	not determined	
Solid content:	not determined	
Sublimation point:	not determined	
Softening point:	not determined	
Pour point:	not determined	
Viscosity / dynamic:	not determined	
Flow time:	not determined	

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with : Reducing agent Oxidizing agents. Aluminium. Ammonia. Base. Heavy metal salts. fluorine. potassium.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from sources of heat (e.g. hot surfaces), sparks and open flames. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. Keep away from heat. In case of warming: Explosion hazard Ignition hazard. Do not allow to dry. Risk of explosion in case of drying up.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Reducing agent Oxidizing agents. Aluminium. Ammonia. Base. Heavy metal salts. fluorine. potassium. Substances that form flammable gases when in contact with water. Organic peroxides. Inflammatory substances. Alkali metals.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation



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# Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) 4400 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) 6602 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) 65,99 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) 11.22 mg/l

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
67-63-0	2-propanol					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	>5000	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	>5000	Rabbit	ECHA Dossier	
88-89-1	picric acid					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	200	Rat	RTECS	
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	300,1			
	inhalation vapour	ATE	3 mg/l			
	inhalation (4 h) dust/mist	LC50	0,51 mg/l			

#### Irritation and corrosivity

# Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (2-propanol)

# STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# 11.2. Information on other hazards

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria.

#### Other information

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]. Depending on the ingested quantity the following symptoms can be induced: a reduction of inhibitions, euphoria but also dysphoria, aggressiveness, impaired motoric skills, impaired responsiveness, blurred vision and fatigue.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



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CAS No	Chemical name	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h]   [d]	Species	Source	Method	
67-63-0	2-propanol							
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	9640	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 203	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	1800		Scenedesmus quadricauda	ECHA Dossier		
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	>10000	48 h	Daphnia magna (24h)	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 202	

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name			
	Method	Value	d	Source
	Evaluation			
67-63-0	2-propanol			
	EU Method C.5/ EU Method C.6 53% 5 ECHA Dossier			
	Easily biodegradable (concerning to the criteria of the OECD)			

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

The product has not been tested.

# Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
67-63-0	2-propanol	0,05

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

The product has not been tested.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

### **Further information**

Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

### **Disposal recommendations**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. According to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process.

Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

### List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

160506 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals; laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals; hazardous waste



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## List of Wastes Code - used product

160506 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals; laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals; hazardous waste

### List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150110 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances; hazardous waste

## Contaminated packaging

Wash with plenty of water. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Land transport (ADR/RID)	
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1219
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ISOPROPANOL
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3
	3
Classification code:	F1
Special Provisions:	601
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
Transport category:	2
Hazard No:	33
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E
Inland waterways transport (ADN)	
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1219
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ISOPROPANOL
<u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</u>	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3
	3
Classification code:	F1
Special Provisions:	601
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
Marine transport (IMDG)	
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1219
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ISOPROPANOL
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3



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Special Provisions:	_ <b>V</b>	
Limited quantity:	1 L	
Excepted quantity:	E2	
EmS:	F-E, S-D	
Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)	1014040	
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1219 ISOPROPANOL	
<u>14.2. UN proper shipping name:</u> 14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3	
14.4. Packing group:	ů	
Hazard label:	3	
Special Provisions:	A180	
Limited quantity Passenger:	1 L	
Passenger LQ:	Y341	
Excepted quantity:	E2 353	
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger: IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	505 5 L	
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	364	
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	60 L	
14.5. Environmental hazards		
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:	No	
14.6. Special precautions for user Warning: Combustible liquid. Refer to s	section 6-8	
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to not relevant		
SECTION 15: Regulatory information		
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regu	lations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
EU regulatory information		
Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII): Entry 3, Entry 40, Entry 75		
Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions:	not determined	
Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC in	not determined	
paints and varnishes: Information according to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):	P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	
Additional information		
The mixture is classified as hazardous	according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].	
National regulatory information	· · · · · ·	
Employment restrictions:	Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juve work protection quideline' (94/33/EC)	nile

Water hazard class (D):



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# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out: 2-propanol

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 1,2,7,8,10,14,16.

Rev. 1,0; 13.12.2023; Initial release

Rev. 1,1; 27.03.2027; Change of transport labelling



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<b>Picric A</b>	cid - C	Orange G	G - Sol	ution
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Abbreviations and acronyms

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## Expl: Explosives Flam. Lig: Flammable liquids Acute Tox: Acute toxicity Eye Irrit: Eye irritation STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route AwSV: Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen AGW: Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert AVV: Abfallverzeichnisverordnung CAS Chemical Abstracts Service CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures DNEL: Derived No Effect Level d: dav(s) EAKV: Europäisches Abfallverzeichnis gemäß Entwurf Abfallverzeichnisverordnung EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances ELINCS: European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances ECHA: European Chemicals Agency EWC: European Waste Catalogue IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA) ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO) GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany) h: hour LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level NOAEC: No observed adverse effect level NLP: No-Longer Polymers N/A: not applicable OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development PNEC: predicted no effect concentration PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals SVHC: substance of very high concern TRGS Technische Regeln fuer Gefahrstoffe UN: United Nations VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds VwVwS: Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefaehrdender Stoffe WGK: Wassergefaehrdungsklasse CLP: Classification, labelling and Packaging REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Chemicals UN: United Nations CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service DNEL: Derived No Effect Level DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration



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ATE: Acute toxicity estimate LL50: Lethal loading, 50% EL50: Effect loading, 50% EC50: Effective Concentration 50% ErC50: Effective Concentration 50%, growth rate NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration BCF: Bio-concentration factor PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic vPvB: very persistent, very bioaccumulative ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures) EmS: Emergency Schedules MFAG: Medical First Aid Guide MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container For abbreviations and acronyms, see table at http://abbrev.esdscom.eu For abbreviations and acronyms, see: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, chapter R.20 (Table of terms and abbreviations). EC/EEC: European Community/European Economic Community EU: European Union M-factor: Multiplying factor IATA: International Air Transport Association DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization TI: Technical Instructions VOC: volatile organic compound

## Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Classification	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 2; H225	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3; H336	Calculation method

## Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H201	Explosive; mass explosion hazard.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### **Further Information**

The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] - Classification procedure:

- Health hazards: Calculation method.
- Environmental hazards: Calculation method.

Physical hazards: On basis of test data and / or calculated and / or estimated.

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our



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present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)