

### **Safety Data Sheet**

according to UK REACH Regulation

### Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 1 of 14

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) – (S) : A732-111D-100N-MVM7

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Use of the substance/mixture

Use as laboratory reagent. The product is intended for research, analysis and scientific education.

#### Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: MORPHISTO GmbH
Street: Schumannstr. 142/144
Place: D-63069 Offenbach

Telephone: +49 (0) 69 / 400 3019-60 Telefax: +49 (0) 69 / 400 3019-64

E-mail: info@morphisto.de Contact person: Morphisto GmbH

E-mail: gefahrstoffmanagement@morphisto.de

Internet: http://www.morphisto.de

**1.4. Emergency telephone** Poison Information Center Mainz, Germany, Tel: +49(0)6131/19240

number:

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## **GB CLP Regulation**

Eve Dam. 1; H318

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

### 2.2. Label elements

### **GB CLP Regulation**

### Hazard components for labelling

Acetic acid% aluminum sulfate

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:



### **Hazard statements**

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

# **Precautionary statements**

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

#### 2.3. Other hazards



according to UK REACH Regulation

### Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 2 of 14

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher. Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain any components that are considered to be hazardous according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/605 in amounts of 0.1 % or more have endocrine disrupting properties. Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain any components that are to be classified according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/605 in quantities of 0.1 % or more have endocrine disrupting properties.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### **Hazardous components**

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity	
	EC No	Index No	REACH No		
	Classification (GB CLP Re	gulation)			
64-19-7	Acetic acid%			1 - < 5 %	
	200-580-7	607-002-00-6	01-2119475328-30		
	Flam. Liq. 3, Skin Corr. 1A	Flam. Liq. 3, Skin Corr. 1A; H226 H314			
64-17-5	Ethanol			1 - < 5 %	
	200-578-6	603-002-00-5	01-2119457610-43		
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2; H2	225 H319	•		
10043-01-3	aluminum sulfate			1 - < 5 %	
	233-135-0		01-2119531538-36		
	Eye Dam. 1; H318		•		
78-93-3	butanone			< 0.1 %	
	201-159-0	606-002-00-3	01-2119457290-43		
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H319 H336 EUH066				

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

### Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

opecine cor	ic. Lilling, ivi-la	ctors and ATE	
CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc.	Limits, M-factors and ATE	
64-19-7	200-580-7	Acetic acid%	1 - < 5 %
	l l	50 = >40 mg/l (vapours); oral: LD50 = 3530 mg/kg Skin Corr. 1A; H314: >= 90 - rr. 1B; H314: >= 25 - < 90 Skin Irrit. 2; H315: >= 10 - < 25 Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >=	
64-17-5	200-578-6	Ethanol	1 - < 5 %
		50 = 124,7 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = >2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = >5000 rit. 2; H319: >= 50 - 100	
10043-01-3	233-135-0	aluminum sulfate	1 - < 5 %
	dermal: LD50	= >5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = >5000 mg/kg	
78-93-3	201-159-0	butanone	< 0.1 %
	dermal: LD50	= >2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 2054 mg/kg	

### **Further Information**

This product contains no substances of very high concern (SVHC) (>0,1%) which are included in the Candidate List according to Article 59 of REACH.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures



# **Safety Data Sheet**

according to UK REACH Regulation

### Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 3 of 14

#### **General information**

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

#### After inhalation

Provide fresh air. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician.

#### After contact with skin

Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. After contact with skin, wash immediately with: Water and soap. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

### After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Consult an ophthalmologist.

### After ingestion

Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs. Rinse mouth immediately and drink 1 glass of of water. Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry extinguishing powder. alcohol resistant foam. Atomized water.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-flammable. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Sulphur oxides

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### Additional information

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### General advice

Provide adequate ventilation. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Use personal protection equipment. Ventilate affected area.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. @1501.B015718

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up



### **Safety Data Sheet**

according to UK REACH Regulation

### Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 4 of 14

#### For cleaning up

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

#### Other information

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Personal protection equipment (See section 8.)

Use extractor hood (laboratory).

### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Always close containers tightly after the removal of product.

### Further information on handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

General protection and hygiene measures: See section 8.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Suitable material for Container: polyethylene. Glass.

Unsuitable materials for Container: Aluminium. Zinc.

### Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Explosives. Oxidizing solids. Oxidizing liquids. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances. Food and animal feedingstuff.

### Further information on storage conditions

Store small packages in a suitable, robust cabinet.

Keep the packing dry and well sealed to prevent contamination and absorbtion of humidity.

Recommended storage temperature: 15-25 °C

Protect against: frost. UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. Humidity

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use as laboratory reagent.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters



according to UK REACH Regulation

# Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 5 of 14

# **Exposure limits (EH40)**

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
64-19-7	Acetic acid	10	25		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		20	50		STEL (15 min)	WEL
78-93-3	Butan-2-one (methyl ethyl ketone)	200	600		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		300	899		STEL (15 min)	WEL
64-17-5	Ethanol	1000	1920		TWA (8 h)	WEL

# **Biological Monitoring Guidance Values (EH40)**

CAS No	Substance	Parameter	Value	Test material	Sampling time
78-93-3	Butan-2-one	butan-2-one	70 µmol/L	urine	Post shift

### **DNEL/DMEL values**

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type	•	Exposure route	Effect	Value
64-19-7	Acetic acid%			
Worker DNE	L, long-term	inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
Worker DNE	L, acute	inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
Consumer D	NEL, long-term	inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
Consumer D	NEL, acute	inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
64-17-5	Ethanol			
Worker DNE	L, acute	inhalation	local	1900 mg/m³
Worker DNE	L, long-term	dermal	systemic	343 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNE	L, long-term	inhalation	systemic	950 mg/m³
Consumer D	Consumer DNEL, acute		local	950 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	206 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	114 mg/m³
Consumer D	NEL, long-term	oral	systemic	87 mg/kg bw/day



according to UK REACH Regulation

# Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) – (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 6 of 14

#### **PNEC values**

CAS No	Substance	
Environmen	tal compartment	Value
64-19-7	Acetic acid%	
Freshwater		3,058 mg/l
Freshwater	(intermittent releases)	30,58 mg/l
Marine wate	г	0,306 mg/l
Freshwater	sediment	11,36 mg/kg
Marine sedi	ment	1,136 mg/kg
Micro-organ	isms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	85 mg/l
Soil		0,47 mg/kg
64-17-5	Ethanol	
Freshwater		0,96 mg/l
Freshwater	(intermittent releases)	2,75 mg/l
Marine wate	г	0,79 mg/l
Marine wate	r (intermittent releases)	2,75 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		3,6 mg/kg
Marine sediment		2,9 mg/kg
Secondary poisoning		0,72 mg/kg
Micro-organ	isms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	580 mg/l
Soil		0,63 mg/kg

# 8.2. Exposure controls



### Appropriate engineering controls

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations. Use extractor hood (laboratory).

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

### Eye/face protection

Suitable eye protection: goggles. Suitable eye protection: Tightly sealed safety glasses. EN 166

### Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. Pull-over gloves of rubber. EN ISO 374

Suitable material:

(penetration time (maximum wearing period): >= 8 h):

Butyl rubber.

FKM (fluororubber).

(penetration time (maximum wearing period): >= 2 Stunden):

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them



### **Safety Data Sheet**

according to UK REACH Regulation

# Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) – (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 7 of 14

before taking off and air them well.

#### Skin protection

Use of protective clothing. Suitable protective clothing: Lab apron.

Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500 (D).

### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Usually no personal respirative protection necessary.

Respiratory protection necessary at:

exceeding exposure limit values

aerosol or mist generation.

Suitable respiratory protection apparatus: Combination filtering device (EN 14387) - Type: AP2/P3

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

#### Thermal hazards

No information available.

### **Environmental exposure controls**

No information available.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid
Colour: red brown
Odour: characteristic

Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point or initial boiling point and

not determined

100 °C

boiling range:

Flammability: not determined Lower explosion limits: not determined Upper explosion limits: not determined Flash point: not determined Auto-ignition temperature: not determined Decomposition temperature: not determined pH-Value (at 20 °C): 2-3 Viscosity / kinematic: not determined Water solubility: completely miscible

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water: not determined Vapour pressure: 23 hPa

(at 20 °C)

Vapour pressure: 123 hPa

(at 50 °C)

Density (at 20 °C): 1,00 g/cm³
Relative vapour density: not determined
Particle characteristics: not applicable

# 9.2. Other information

#### Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

The product is not: Explosive. none



# **Safety Data Sheet**

according to UK REACH Regulation

### Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 8 of 14

Oxidizing properties

none

### Other safety characteristics

Solid content:

Sublimation point:

Softening point:

Pour point:

Viscosity / dynamic:

Flow time:

not determined

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No information available.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Alkali metals. Oxidizing agents, strong. peroxides. Hydrogenium peroxide. Nitric acid. Strong acid.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Sulphur oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

#### **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **ATEmix** calculated

ATE (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) > 20 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) > 5 mg/l



# **Safety Data Sheet**

according to UK REACH Regulation

# Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 9 of 14

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
64-19-7	Acetic acid%					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	3530	Rat	GESTIS	
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50	>40 mg/l	Rat	suppliers SDS.	
64-17-5	Ethanol					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	>5000	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	>2000	Rabbit	ECHA Dossier	
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	124,7	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
10043-01-3	aluminum sulfate					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	>5000	Rat	suppliers SDS.	
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	>5000	Rabbit	suppliers SDS.	
78-93-3	butanone					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	2054	Ratte	SDB Lieferant	
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	>2000	Rabbit	ECHA Dossier	

### Irritation and corrosivity

Causes serious eye damage.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

This substance does not have endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as it does not meet the criteria set out in section A of Regulation (EU) No 2017/2100

### Other information

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



according to UK REACH Regulation

# Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 10 of 14

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h]   [d]	Species	Source	Method
64-19-7	Acetic acid%						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	>300	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	>300	72 h	Skeletonema costatum	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	>300	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	
64-17-5	Ethanol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	14200	96 h	Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	275 mg/l	72 h	Chlorella vulgaris	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	5012	48 h	Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)	ECHA Dossier	
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	9,6 mg/l	9 d	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	
10043-01-3	aluminum sulfate						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	>1000	96 h	Danio rerio (zebrafish)	suppliers SDS.	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	>160	48 h	Daphnia magna	suppliers SDS.	
78-93-3	butanone						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	2993	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA Dossier	OECD 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	1972	72 h	Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	ECHA Dossier	OECD 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	308 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	OECD 202

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name			
	Method	Value	d	Source
	Evaluation	-	-	•
64-19-7	Acetic acid%			
	Other guideline	95%	5	suppliers SDS.
	Easily biodegradable (concerning to the criteri	a of the OECD)	-	•
64-17-5	Ethanol			
	other guideline	84%	20	ECHA Dossier
	Biodegradable.		-	
78-93-3	butanone			
		98%	28	ECHA Dossier
	Readily biodegradable (according to OECD cr	iteria).		

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

The product has not been tested.

### Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
64-19-7	Acetic acid%	-0,17
64-17-5	Ethanol	-0,31
78-93-3	butanone	0,3



### Safety Data Sheet

according to UK REACH Regulation

### Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 11 of 14

#### BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
64-19-7	Acetic acid%	3,16		

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

The product has not been tested.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

# 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

#### **Further information**

Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### **Disposal recommendations**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Observe in addition any national regulations! Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

According to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process.

Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

### List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

160506 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; gases in pressure containers and

discarded chemicals; laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances,

including mixtures of laboratory chemicals; hazardous waste

## List of Wastes Code - used product

160506 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; gases in pressure containers and

discarded chemicals; laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances,

including mixtures of laboratory chemicals; hazardous waste

### List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150110 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by

hazardous substances; hazardous waste

#### Contaminated packaging

Wash with plenty of water. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

#### Inland waterways transport (ADN)

**14.1. UN number or ID number:** No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.



# **Safety Data Sheet**

according to UK REACH Regulation

### Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 12 of 14

14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not restricted

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not restricted

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **EU** regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 40, Entry 75

2010/75/EU (VOC): 7,43 % (74,3 g/l) 2004/42/EC (VOC): 7,43 % (74,3 g/l)

Information according to 2012/18/EU Not subject to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

(SEVESO III):

### **Additional information**

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

#### **National regulatory information**

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile

work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water hazard class (D): 1 - slightly hazardous to water

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

Acetic acid...%

Ethanol

aluminum sulfate

butanone

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 2,4,7,9,11,12,14,15,16.

Rev. 2,0, 17.7.2023, Individual safety data sheet based on 14938 collect

Rev. 2,1; 28.07.2023; general adjustment(s)



### according to UK REACH Regulation

### Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Revision date: 28.07.2023 Product code: 11953.xxxxx Page 13 of 14

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)

LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level

LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level NOAEC: No observed adverse effect level

NTP: National Toxicology Program N/A: not applicable

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PNEC: predicted no effect concentration PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de

fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SVHC: substance of very high concern TRGS Technische Regeln fuerGefahrstoffe

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

VwVwS: Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefaehrdender Stoffe

WGK: Wassergefaehrdungsklasse

CLP: Classification, labelling and Packaging

REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Chemicals

**UN: United Nations** 

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate LL50: Lethal loading, 50% EL50: Effect loading, 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

ErC50: Effective Concentration 50%, growth rate NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

BCF: Bio-concentration factor

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic vPvB: very persistent, very bioaccumulative

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route

(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation



### **Safety Data Sheet**

#### according to UK REACH Regulation

### Papanicolaou's Hematoxylin after HARRIS (PAP 1a) - (S)

Product code: 11953.xxxxx Revision date: 28.07.2023 Page 14 of 14

intérieures)

EmS: Emergency Schedules MFAG: Medical First Aid Guide

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container

For abbreviations and acronyms, see: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety

assessment, chapter R.20 (Table of terms and abbreviations).

### Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Classification	Classification procedure
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method

#### R

televant H and EUH statements (number and full text)		
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### **Further Information**

H226

The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations. Classification according EC regulation 1272/2008 (CLP): -Classification procedure:

Health hazards: Calculation method.

Environmental hazards: Calculation method.

Physical hazards: On basis of test data and / or calculated and / or estimated.

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)