

# **Safety Data Sheet**

according to UK REACH Regulation

## Sodium Carbonate Formaline after KOSSA

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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Sodium Carbonate Formaline after KOSSA

UFI: 9TCH-514S-X00S-KPJT

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Use of the substance/mixture

Use as laboratory reagent. The product is intended for research, analysis and scientific education.

#### Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: MORPHISTO GmbH
Street: Schumannstr. 142/144
Place: D-63069 Offenbach

Telephone: +49 (0) 69 / 400 3019-60 Telefax: +49 (0) 69 / 400 3019-64

E-mail: info@morphisto.de
Contact person: Morphisto GmbH

E-mail: gefahrstoffmanagement@morphisto.de

Internet: http://www.morphisto.de

**1.4. Emergency telephone** Poison Information Center Mainz, Germany, Tel: +49(0)6131/19240

number:

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## **GB CLP Regulation**

Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Muta. 2; H341 Carc. 1B; H350 STOT SE 3; H335

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

# 2.2. Label elements

# **GB CLP Regulation**

#### Hazard components for labelling

formaldehyde % methanol

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:





# **Hazard statements**

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.



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H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
 H350 May cause cancer.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Special labelling of certain mixtures

Restricted to professional users.

#### Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:





#### **Hazard statements**

H317-H341-H350

# **Precautionary statements**

P201-P280-P308+P313

## 2.3. Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher. Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain any components that are considered to be hazardous according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/605 in amounts of 0.1 % or more have endocrine disrupting properties. Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain any components that are to be classified according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/605 in quantities of 0.1 % or more have endocrine disrupting properties.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

# **Chemical characterization**

in aqueous solution



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#### **Hazardous components**

CAS No	Chemical name	Chemical name				
	EC No	Index No	REACH No			
	Classification (GB CLP Regulation	)	•			
50-00-0	formaldehyde %			5 - < 10 %		
	200-001-8	605-001-00-5	01-2119488953-20			
	Carc. 1B, Muta. 2, Acute Tox. 3, Ac H341 H331 H311 H301 H314 H311	1B, Skin Sens. 1; H350				
497-19-8	sodium carbonate		1 - < 5 %			
	207-838-8	011-005-00-2	01-2119485498-19			
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	•				
67-56-1	methanol			1 - < 5 %		
	200-659-6	603-001-00-X	01-2119433307-44			
	Flam. Liq. 2, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, STOT SE 1; H225 H331 H311 H301 H370					

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

# Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc.	Limits, M-factors and ATE	
50-00-0	200-001-8	formaldehyde %	5 - < 10 %
	ATE = 300 mg	50 = <463 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: //kg; oral: LD50 = 640 mg/kg	
497-19-8	207-838-8	sodium carbonate	1 - < 5 %
	dermal: LD50	= > 2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 2800 mg/kg	
67-56-1	200-659-6	methanol	1 - < 5 %
	l l	E = 3 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 = oral: LD50 = 2528 mg/kg STOT SE 1; H370: >= 10 - 100 STOT SE 2; H371: >=	

# **Further Information**

This product contains no substances of very high concern (SVHC) (>0,1%) which are included in the Candidate List according to Article 59 of REACH.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

# **General information**

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately.Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest

#### After inhalation

Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

# After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Medical treatment necessary.

#### After contact with eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.



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#### After ingestion

Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs. If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

drowsiness. Headache. vomiting. Dizziness. Irritation. Allergic reactions. Cough. shortage of breath. Blood pressure drop. Spasms.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

#### - Advice for first medical aid:

After contact with solutions / concentrated vapors rinse eyes persistently with water. Always follow-up by ophthalmologist as soon as possible. Wash contaminated skin thoroughly with water. Treat irritated areas with Dermatocorticoid. After extensive wetting a clarification is recommended.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

# Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-flammable. In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2). Formaldehyde

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing. Full protection suit.

#### Additional information

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water. Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### General advice

Provide adequate ventilation. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Use personal protection equipment. Ventilate affected area.

Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Inform competent authorities in case of accidental release. (Larger quantities)Cover drains.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

# For cleaning up

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

#### Other information

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with: a concentrated aqueous sodium bisulfite solution. Rinse with water.



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#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Technical ventilation of workplace. Wear suitable protective clothing. ( See section 8. )

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

# Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Always close containers tightly after the removal of product. Used working clothes should not be worn outside the work area. Street clothing should be stored seperately from work clothing.

#### Further information on handling

General protection and hygiene measures: refer to chapter 8

Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Street clothing should be stored seperately from work clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Always close containers tightly after the removal of product.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

## Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed. Keep locked up. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

Recommended storage temperature: 15-25°C.

#### Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: food and feed. pharmaceuticals. Infectious substances. Radioactive substances. Explosive substances. Oxidizing substances. Oxidizing liquids. Organic peroxides. Self-reactive substances and mixtures. Pyrophoric solids. Substances which in contact with water form flammable gases. Ammonium nitrate and preparations containing ammonium nitrate. Explosives. Gas.. Oxidizing liquids. Oxidizing solids. Organic peroxides. Ammonium nitrate. Combustible toxic substances. Non-combustible toxic substances. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances.

# Further information on storage conditions

Keep/Store only in original container. Ensure adequate ventilation of the storage area. Store small packages in a suitable, robust cabinet.Protect against: heat. UV-radiation/sunlight.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters



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# **Exposure limits (EH40)**

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	2	2.5		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		2	2.5		STEL (15 min)	WEL
67-56-1	Methanol	200	266		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		250	333		STEL (15 min)	WEL

# **DNEL/DMEL values**

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type	DNEL type		Effect	Value
50-00-0	formaldehyde %			
Worker DNEL,	acute	inhalation	systemic	1 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	long-term	dermal	systemic	240 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	systemic	0,5 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	local	0,375 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	acute	inhalation	local	0,75 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	long-term	dermal	local	0,037 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
67-56-1	methanol			
Worker DNEL,	acute	inhalation	local	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	acute	dermal	systemic	40 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL,	acute	inhalation	systemic	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	long-term	dermal	systemic	40 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	systemic	260 mg/m³

# PNEC values

CAS No	Substance		
Environmenta	compartment	Value	
50-00-0	formaldehyde %		
Freshwater	Freshwater 0,44 mg		
Freshwater (in	termittent releases)	4,44 mg/l	
Marine water		0,44 mg/l	
Freshwater se	diment	2,3 mg/kg	
Marine sedime	ent	2,3 mg/kg	
Micro-organisi	Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		
Soil		0,2 mg/kg	
67-56-1	methanol		
Freshwater		20,8 mg/l	
Marine water		2,08 mg/l	
Marine water (intermittent releases)		1540 mg/l	
Freshwater sediment 77 r		77 mg/kg	
Marine sediment 7,7 mg/k		7,7 mg/kg	
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP) 100 mg/l		100 mg/l	
Soil		3,18 mg/kg	



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#### 8.2. Exposure controls







#### Appropriate engineering controls

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment. Technical ventilation of workplace. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Process within closed systems.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Suitable eye protection: goggles. Tightly sealed safety glasses. Eye glasses with side protection. EN 166.

#### Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. (EN ISO 374).

Suitable material:

penetration time (maximum wearing period): >= 8h

NBR (Nitrile rubber). (0,4 mm)

Before using check leak tightness / impermeability.

Additional hand protection measures: Use protective skin cream before handling the product.

#### Skin protection

Use of protective clothing. Suitable protective clothing: Chemical protection clothing, Lab apron.

Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500 (D).

#### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection necessary at:

Insufficient ventilation.

insufficient absorbtion.

exceeding exposure limit values

Release of: product

Suitable respiratory protective equipment:

gas filtering equipment (EN 141). Type: B

In case of increasing hazard add:

Combination filtering device (EN 14387) Type : B-P2 Identification color: grey/white.

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid
Colour: colourless
Odour: stinging

Melting point/freezing point: not determined



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Boiling point or initial boiling point and

97 °C

boiling range:

Flammability: not determined Lower explosion limits: not determined not determined Upper explosion limits: Flash point: 62 °C Auto-ignition temperature: 430 °C Decomposition temperature: not determined pH-Value (at 20 °C): 9.5-10.5 Viscosity / kinematic: not determined Water solubility: completely miscible

(at 20 °C)

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:

Vapour pressure:

Density (at 20 °C):

Relative vapour density:

Particle characteristics:

not determined

1,00 g/cm³

not determined

not determined

not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

#### Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

The product is not: Explosive. none

Sustaining combustion: Not sustaining combustion

Self-ignition temperature

Gas: not determined

Oxidizing properties

Flammable vapours can accumulate in head space of closed systems.

#### Other safety characteristics

not determined Evaporation rate: Solvent separation test: not determined Solid content: not determined Sublimation point: not determined Softening point: not determined Pour point: not determined Viscosity / dynamic: not determined Flow time: not determined

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Oxidizing agents. phenol. Nitric acid. Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Nitric acid. Hydrogenium peroxide. Aniline. Performic acid, perchloric acid Oxidizing agents, strong. Strong acid.



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# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2). Formaldehyde

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

#### **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful if inhaled.

#### **ATEmix** calculated

ATE (oral) 835,7 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) 2507 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) 25,07 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) 4,178 mg/l

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method	
50-00-0	formaldehyde %						
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	640	Rat	ECHA	OECD 401	
	dermal	ATE mg/kg	300				
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	<463	Rat	ECHA		
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE	0,5 mg/l				
497-19-8	sodium carbonate						
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	2800	Rat	ECHA Dossier		
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 2000	Rabbit.	ECHA Dossier		
67-56-1	methanol						
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	2528	Rat	ECHA Dossier		
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	17100	Rabbit	ECHA Dossier		
	inhalation vapour	ATE	3 mg/l				
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE	0,5 mg/l				

# Irritation and corrosivity

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eve irritation.

## Sensitising effects

May cause an allergic skin reaction. (formaldehyde ... %)

# Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Suspected of causing genetic defects. (formaldehyde ... %)

May cause cancer. (formaldehyde ... %)

Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. (formaldehyde ... %)

# STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# 11.2. Information on other hazards



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# **Endocrine disrupting properties**

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria.

#### Other information

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture!

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h]   [d]	Species	Source	Method
50-00-0	formaldehyde %						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	24,1	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	4,89	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	5,8 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia pulex (water flea)	ECHA Dossier	
497-19-8	sodium carbonate						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	300 mg/l	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 227 mg/l	200 -	48 h	Ceriodaphnia sp.	ECHA Dossier	
67-56-1	methanol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	15400	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	22000	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	>1000	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	OECD 202

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Method	Value	d	Source			
	Evaluation	·		·			
50-00-0	formaldehyde %						
	OECD Guideline 301 C	91 %	14	ECHA Dossier			
	Easily biodegradable (concerning to the criteria of the OECD)						
	OECD Guideline 301 D	90	28	ECHA Dossier			
	Product is biodegradable.	•	-	•			
497-19-8	sodium carbonate						
	Theoretical carbon dioxide:	0,4152 mg/mg					
67-56-1	methanol						
	other guideline	96%	20	ECHA Dossier			
	Easily biodegradable (concerning to the criteria of the OECD)						

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

The product has not been tested.



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#### Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
50-00-0	formaldehyde %	0,35
67-56-1	methanol	-0,77

#### **BCF**

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
67-56-1	methanol	<10		

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

highly hazardous to water

#### **Further information**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### **Disposal recommendations**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive). Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal. According to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process.

Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

### List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

160506 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; gases in pressure containers and

discarded chemicals; laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances,

including mixtures of laboratory chemicals; hazardous waste

#### List of Wastes Code - used product

160506 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; gases in pressure containers and

discarded chemicals; laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances,

including mixtures of laboratory chemicals; hazardous waste

# List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150110 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by

hazardous substances; hazardous waste

#### Contaminated packaging

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive). Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# Land transport (ADR/RID)



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14.1. UN number or ID number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Refer to section 6-8

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not relevant

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **EU** regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 40, Entry 75

2010/75/EU (VOC): No information available. 2004/42/EC (VOC): No information available.

Information according to 2012/18/EU Not subject to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

(SEVESO III):

#### **Additional information**

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

# **National regulatory information**

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile

work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or

nursing mothers.

Water hazard class (D): 3 - highly hazardous to water

Skin resorption/Sensitization: Causes allergic hypersensitivity reactions.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

formaldehyde ... %

methanol



according to UK REACH Regulation

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,14,15,16.

Rev. 2.0; 02.07.2022, Individual safety data sheet based on 10195 collect

Rev. 2,1; 01.09.2023; general adjustment(s)

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)

LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level

LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level NOAEC: No observed adverse effect level

NTP: National Toxicology Program

N/A: not applicable

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PNEC: predicted no effect concentration PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de

fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail )

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SVHC: substance of very high concern TRGS Technische Regeln fuerGefahrstoffe

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

VwVwS: Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefaehrdender Stoffe

WGK: Wassergefaehrdungsklasse

CLP: Classification, labelling and Packaging

REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Chemicals

**UN: United Nations** 

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate LL50: Lethal loading, 50% EL50: Effect loading, 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

ErC50: Effective Concentration 50%, growth rate

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

BCF: Bio-concentration factor



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PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic

vPvB: very persistent, very bioaccumulative

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route

(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures)

EmS: Emergency Schedules MFAG: Medical First Aid Guide

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container

For abbreviations and acronyms, see table at http://abbrev.esdscom.eu

For abbreviations and acronyms, see: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety

assessment, chapter R.20 (Table of terms and abbreviations).

#### Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Classification	Classification procedure
Acute Tox. 4; H302	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4; H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1; H317	Calculation method
Muta. 2; H341	Calculation method
Carc. 1B; H350	Calculation method
STOT SE 3; H335	Calculation method

# Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text) Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

	g,
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H302+H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
11004	Taxia if inhalad

H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. H335 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H341

H350 May cause cancer. H370 Causes damage to organs.

#### **Further Information**

H225

The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations. The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.



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(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)